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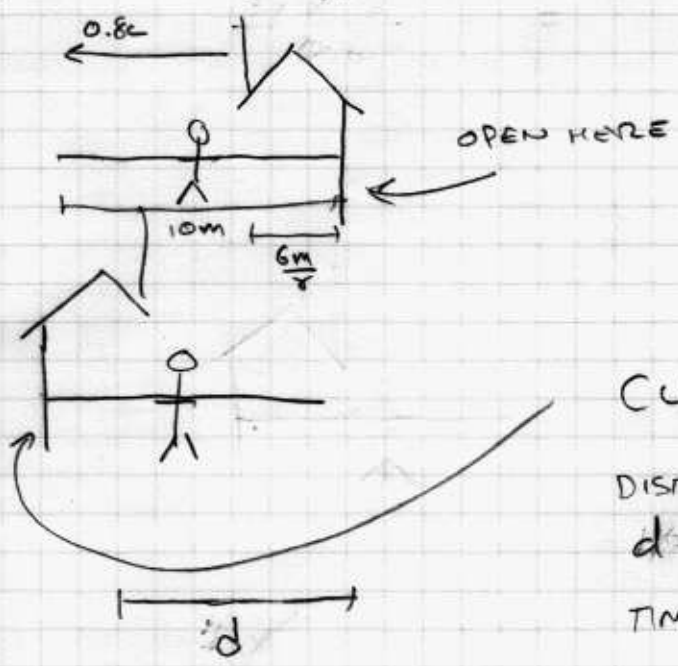
(a) $10m \sqrt{1 - (0.8)^2} = 10m \sqrt{1 - 0.64} = 10m \sqrt{.36}$
 $= \boxed{6m}$ FITS

(b) OPEN & CLOSING CAN'T BE SIMULTANEOUS ... OPENING MUST HAPPEN FIRST

(c) SIMULTANEITY:

$\Delta t = \frac{\Delta x' \frac{v}{c}}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}$ TIME DELAY

HOW MUCH TIME IS NEEDED?



CLOSE HERE $10m \equiv L$
 $6m \equiv \Delta x'$

DISTANCE TRAVELED
 $d = 10m - 6m(1 - v^2/c^2)^{1/2}$
 TIME = $\frac{d}{v}$ TO GO d

$= \frac{L - \Delta x' \sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}{0.8c}$

NOTE: $L \sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2} = \Delta x'$

$= \frac{\Delta x' - \Delta x'(1 - v^2/c^2)}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2} \cdot v}$

TIME = $\frac{\Delta x' \frac{v}{c}}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} = \frac{(6m)(0.8)}{0.6} = 8m$ (OF TIME)

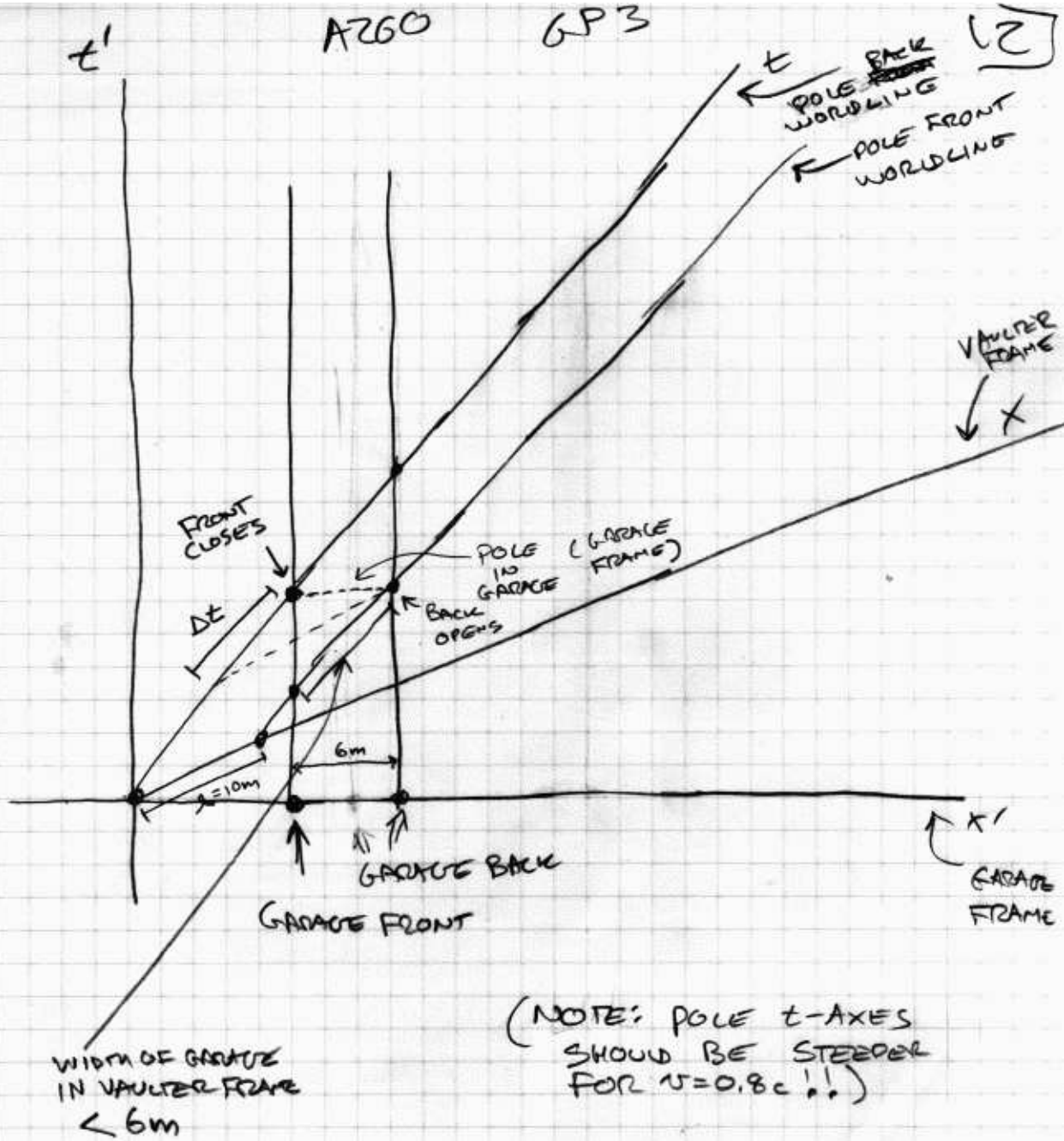
ANOTHER WAY:

$(6m)^2 = (10m)^2 - (\Delta t)^2$
 EVENT DIST IN GARAGE FRAME $(\Delta t_{GARAGE} = 0)$
 INTERVAL IN POLE FRAME

$(\Delta t)^2 = (10m)^2 - (6m)^2$
 $\Delta t = (8m)$ OF TIME = $2.7 \times 10^{-8} s$

HEY, IT WORKS!

① ②



② ③

IN EARTH FRAME, $L' = L \sqrt{1-0.8^2} = 0.6L$

BUT PHOTON HAS TO CATCH UP! $c \Delta t' = L' + v \Delta t' = L' + 0.8c \Delta t'$
 $c(0.2) \Delta t' = 0.6L$

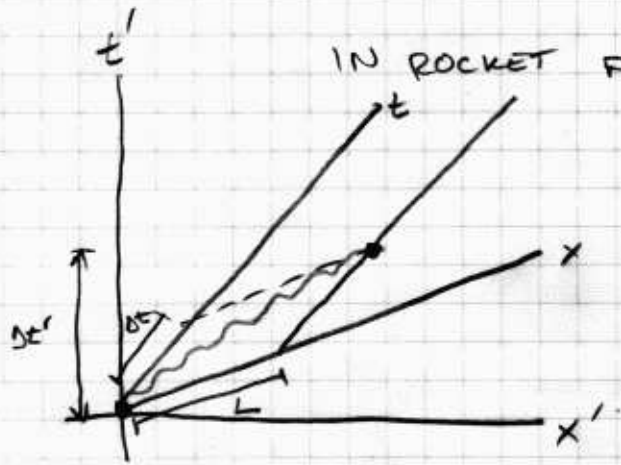
$$\Delta t' = \frac{3L}{c}$$

IN ROCKET FRAME $L = L$ (WHEE!)

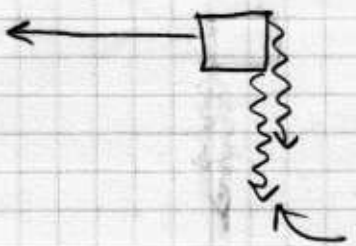
$$c \Delta t = L \Rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{L}{c}$$

(SO HOW DO YOU RECONCILE THIS WITH TIME DILATION?)

(ANS: SIMULTANEITY)



TOP VIEW:

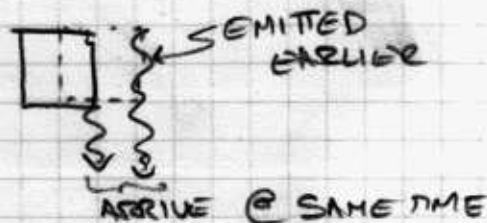


CONSIDER TWO PHOTONS LEAVING THE BACK CORNERS

THIS ONE WILL REACH THE FILM FIRST

THE ONE REACHING FROM THE BACK WILL ARRIVE @

FILM AS A LATER PHOTON FROM THE FRONT ARRIVES:



THIS LOOKS (FOR THE TRAILING SIDE) LIKE A ROTATION



$$\frac{d}{h} = \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{vt}{ct} = \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{v}{c} = \sin \theta$$

SO YOU SEE:



TIME FOR PHOTON TO GET UP
 $h = ct$
 $d = vt = \text{DIST FRONT HAS MOVED IN THAT TIME}$

WHAT ABOUT THE SIDE FACING YOU? LORENTZ CONTRACTOR, WHAT ANGLE WOULD YOU NEED TO GET THE SAME LENGTH FROM STATIONARY FORESHORTENING?

NOTE: FOR LORENTZ CONTRACTION, YOU MEASURE A SHORTER LENGTH.

HERE, IT LOOKS LIKE A ROTATION, THIS COMBINES TRANSFORMATION EFFECTS AND LIGHT PROPAGATION TIME EFFECTS



$$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}{c} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \theta = 1 - v^2/c^2$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = v^2/c^2$$

$$\sin \theta = v/c$$

WHEEL?